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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/810,267	03/26/2004	Andrew Kapochunas	384.7817USU	8528
Paul D. Greeley, Esq. Ohlandt, Greeley, Ruggiero & Perle, L.L.P.			EXAMINER	
			PARDO, THUY N	
10th Floor One Landmark Square		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Stamford, CT 06901-2682			2168	
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## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/810,267	KAPOCHUNAS ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Thuy N. Pardo	2168
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 J</u> 2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This  3) Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under <u>B</u>	s action is non-final.  nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4)	wn from consideration. e rejected.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and all accomposed and all accomposed and are specified to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the contract of the specified and the specified are specified to by the Example 2.	cepted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:	ate

Application/Control Number: 10/810,267 Page 2

Art Unit: 2168

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Applicant's Amendment filed January 09, 2009 in response to Examiner's Final Office Action has been reviewed. Claims 1, 12 and 20 are amended and claims 2, 9, 10, 13, 15-17, 21 and 25-27 are canceled.

2. The indicated allowability of claims 25-27 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to James Shaffer, US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0136381. Rejections based on the newly cited reference follow.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 3-8, 11, 12, 14, 18-20 and 22-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Clark et al. (Hereinafter "Clark") US Patent Application Publication No. 2004/0153663, in view of Monteverde US Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0088553, in further view of James Shaffer et al. (hereinafter "Shaffer"), US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0136381.

As to claim 1, Clark teaches the invention substantially as claimed, comprising: receiving at least one input address [obtain street address information, 10 of fig. 1; 0040; comparing said at least one input address to at least one standard [compare to old street address or a reference address, 12 of fig. 1; 22-80 of fig. 2; 0041].

However, Clark does not explicitly teach providing a single best address derived from said at least one input address based on said comparison. Monteverde teaches providing a single best address derived from said at least one input address based on said comparison [determine the best site(s) based on the "search term" matches and then display it to the user, see the abstract; 6 of fig. 2; 13 of fig. 3; 21 of fig. 5; 0036], and matching said single best address to a database having unique business identifiers associated with addresses to find a matching address and providing a matching address for correction of said input address [update the database and provide the searcher's with the most relevant Internet site(s) for any given search term based upon prior results, 0016; 0036].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the Data Processing art at the time of the invention to add the feature of Monteverde for comparing each Internet site (i.e., address) with a "search term" (i.e., standard or criteria) to provide the best Internet site address to Clark's system of providing a new address (updated address) based on all information of both addresses- current address and "change to" address. The motivation being to expand and enhance the versatility of Clark's system to provide the best accurate address based on the comparison. Clark further teaches matching said single best address to a database having unique business identifiers associated with addresses to find a matching address and providing said matching address [0032-0034; 0043].

Art Unit: 2168

However, neither Clark nor Monteverde teaches matching said a unique business identifier and said single best address to a database having unique business identifiers associated with addresses, to find a matching address for correction of said input address. Shaffer teaches matching said a unique business identifier and said single best address to a database having unique business identifiers associated with addresses [If the data provider record matched the DSF file, then a DSF match flag is set to "yes" and the address delivery type code field is set to the value retrieved from the DSF file, 0435; 0467; one record for each USPS deliverable address, 0433; fig. 11C], to find a matching address for correction of said input address [one record for each USPS deliverable address, 0433; fig. 11C; indexing the valid first location telephone number into at least one Master Telephone Number to Spatial Key database to retrieve information associated with the first location's telephone number and a means to provide the received and retrieved information associated with the first location's telephone number to provide one or more improvements to the service of at least one call recipient, 0145; 0480; Master Table Update process to create a historical Master Table with multiple records for each telephone number, 0483].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the Data Processing art at the time of the invention to add the feature of Shaffer to Clark-Monteverde's system as an essential means to provide a business information service that cleanses data to provide accurate customer addresses.

As to claim 3, Clark, Monteverde and Shaffer teach the invention substantially as claimed. Clark further teaches that said database is an advanced office system (AOS) [0041].

Art Unit: 2168

As to claim 4, Clark, Monteverde and Shaffer teach the invention substantially as claimed. Clark further teaches providing a match project analysis report [0290; 0296; 0301].

As to claim 5, Clark, Monteverde and Shaffer teach the invention substantially as claimed. Clark further teaches converting said at least one input address to a predetermined record layout, before comparing said input address to said at least one standard [30-80 of fig. 2].

As to claim 6, Clark, Monteverde and Shaffer teach the invention substantially as claimed. Clark further teaches associating said at least one input address with at least one code, said code being used to determine said single best address [0051-0081; 0094-0103].

As to claim 7, Clark, Monteverde and Shaffer teach the invention substantially as claimed. Clark further teaches associating said at least one input address with at least one score, said score being used to determine said single best address [0222-0223; fig. 19-15].

As to claim 8, Clark, Monteverde and Shaffer teach the invention substantially as claimed. Clark further teaches that said at least one standard is at least one selected from the group consisting of: ZIP+4 coding, coding accuracy support system (CASS), Locatable Address Conversion System (LACS), delivery sequence file (DSF), and National Change of Address (NCOA) [0041-0042].

Page 6

As to claim 14, Clark, Monteverde and Shaffer teach the invention substantially as claimed. Clark further teaches an investigator for investigating any address not matched, upon request [0031; 0036].

As to claim 18, Clark, Monteverde and Shaffer teach the invention substantially as claimed. Clark further teaches that said view is at least one selected from the group consisting of: alphabetical, most frequent content, and alpha characters only [0032-0034; 0036].

As to claims 11, 12 and 19, 20 and 22-24, all limitations of these claims have been addressed in the analysis above, and these claims are rejected on that basis.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thuy N. Pardo whose telephone number is 571-272-4082. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tim Vo can be reached on 571-272-3642. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/810,267 Page 7

Art Unit: 2168

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/Thuy N. Pardo/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2168